Topic C:

Ratios and Rates Involving Fractions

7.RP.A.1, 7.RP.A.3, 7.EE.B.4a

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| Focus Standard: | 7.RP.A.1 | Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas and other quantities measured in like or different units. *For example, if a person walks 1/2 mile in each 1/4 hour, compute the unit rate as the complex fraction ½ / ¼ miles per hour, equivalently 2 miles per hour.* |
|  | 7.RP.A.3 | Use proportional relationships to solve multistep ratio and percent problems. *Examples: simple interest, tax, markups and markdowns, gratuities and commissions, fees, percent increase and decrease, percent error.* |
|  | 7.EE.B.4a | Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities.1. Solve word problems leading to equations of the form *px + q = r* and

*p(x + q) = r*, where *p*, *q*, and *r* are specific rational numbers. Solve equations of these forms fluently. Compare an algebraic solution to an arithmetic solution, identifying the sequence of the operations used in each approach. *For example, the perimeter of a rectangle is 54 cm. Its length is 6 cm. What is its width?* |
| Instructional Days: | 5 |  |
| Lessons 11–12: | Ratios of Fractions and Their Unit Rates (P)[[1]](#footnote-1)  |
| Lesson 13:  | Finding Equivalent Ratios Given the Total Quantity (P) |
| Lesson 14: | Multi-Step Ratio Problems (P) |
| Lesson 15: | Equations and Graphs of Proportional Relationships Involving Fractions (P) |

In the first two lessons of Topic C, students’ knowledge of unit rates for ratios and rates is extended by considering applications involving fractions, such as a speed of $\frac{1}{2}$ mile per $\frac{1}{4}$ hour. Students continue to use the structure of ratio tables to reason through and validate their computations of rate. In Lesson 13, students continue to work with ratios involving fractions as they solve problems where a ratio of two parts is given along with a desired total quantity. Students can choose a representation that most suits the problem and their comfort levels, such as tape diagrams, ratio tables, or possibly equations and graphs, as they solve these problems, reinforcing their work with rational numbers. In Lesson 14, students solve multi-step ratio problems, which include fractional markdowns, markups, commissions, and fees. In the final lesson of the topic, students focus their attention on using equations and graphs to represent proportional relationships involving fractions, reinforcing the process of interpreting the meaning of points on a graph in terms of the situation or context of the problem.

1. Lesson Structure Key: **P**-Problem Set Lesson, **M**-Modeling Cycle Lesson, **E-**Exploration Lesson, **S-**Socratic Lesson [↑](#footnote-ref-1)