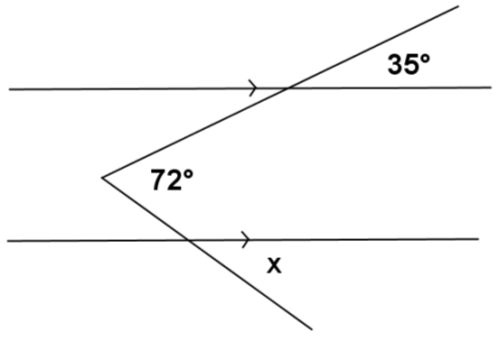
Lesson 8: Solve for Unknown Angles—Angles in a Triangle

Classwork

Opening Exercise

Find the measure of angle in the figure to the right. Explain your calculations. (Hint: Draw an auxiliary line segment.)

Discussion

The sum of the angle measures of any triangle is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Interior of a Triangle: A point lies in the *interior of a triangle* if it lies in the interior of each of the angles of the triangle.

In any triangle, the measure of the exterior angle is equal to the sum of the measures of the angles. These are sometimes also known as angles.

Base angles of an triangle are equal in measure.

Each angle of an triangle has a measure equal to .

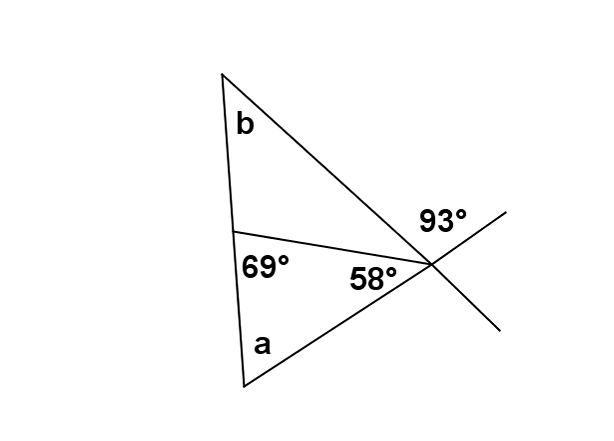
Relevant Vocabulary

**Isosceles Triangle:**  An *isosceles triangle* is a triangle with at least two sides of equal length.

**Angles of a Triangle:** Every triangle determines three angles, namely, , , and . These are called the *angles of .*

**Exterior Angle of a Triangle:** Let be an interior angle of a triangle , and let be a point on such that is between and . Then is an *exterior angle of the triangle* .

Exercises

1. Find the measures of and in the figure to the right. Justify your results.

In each figure, determine the measures of the unknown (labeled) angles. Give reasons for your calculations.

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Problem Set

Find the unknown (labeled) angle in each figure. Justify your calculations.

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