NEW LANGUAGE ARTS PROGRESSIONS (ESL/New Language)

evide	nce such that	Anchor Standard (SL.4) t listeners can follow the line opriate to task, purpose and	MAIN ACADEMIC DEMAND Present Information Appropriate to Task, Purpose and Audience, with Coherent Reasoning and Evidence			
Common Core Grade 7 Standard (SL.7.4): Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume and clear pronunciation.					GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Present Claims and Findings Coherently, with Pertinent Descriptions, Facts, Details and Examples	
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
		When acquiring	a new language, using grade l	level texts and appropriate su	pports, students are able to:	
RECEPTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words on a main-idea-and-details graphic organizer to identify descriptions, facts, details and examples, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership and/or teacher- led small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a main-idea- and-details graphic organizer to identify descriptions, facts, details and examples, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership and/or small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize a bank of phrases and short sentences on a main-idea- and-details graphic organizer to identify descriptions, facts, details and examples, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information, using a glossary, on a main-idea- and-details graphic organizer to identify descriptions, facts, details and examples, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information independently in a note-taking guide or take notes independently to identify descriptions, facts, details and examples, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings
		Reading-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words on a claims-and-evidence graphic organizer to identify claims and findings	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a claims-and- evidence graphic organizer to identify claims and findings	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize a bank of phrases and short sentences on a claims-and- evidence graphic organizer to identify claims and findings	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize <i>information, using a</i> <i>glossary, on a claims-and-</i> <i>evidence graphic organizer</i> to identify claims and findings	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize <i>information independently</i> <i>in a note-taking guide</i> or <i>take notes independently</i> to identify claims and findings
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the <i>new and</i> , occasionally, in the home language.	in the <i>new language</i> .	in the <i>new language</i> .



5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
PRODUCTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	(Beginner) Speaking-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters that coherently present claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples, in partnership and/or teacher- led small groups Writing-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words to compete cloze paragraphs that coherently present claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples	(Low Intermediate) Speaking-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters that coherently present claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples, in partnership and/or small groups Writing-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases to complete cloze paragraphs that coherently present claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples	(High Intermediate) Speaking-Centered Activity: Use a bank of phrases and short sentences and the previously completed graphic organizers to coherently present claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings Writing-Centered Activity: Use a bank of phrases and short sentences and the previously completed graphic organizers to write a short essay that coherently presents claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples	(Advanced) Speaking-Centered Activity: Use a glossary and the previously completed graphic organizers to coherently present claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings Writing-Centered Activity: Use a glossary and the previously completed graphic organizers to write an essay that coherently presents claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples	(Proficient) Speaking-Centered Activity: Use the previously developed notes independently to coherently present claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings Writing-Centered Activity: Use the previously developed notes to independently write an essay that coherently presents claims and findings with descriptions, facts, details and examples
		in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the <i>new language</i> .	in the <i>new language</i> .



Common Core Grade 7 Standard (SL.7.4): Present claims and findings, emphasizing
salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details and
examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume and clear pronunciation.GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND
Present Claims and Findings Coherently, with
Pertinent Descriptions, Facts, Details and Examples

Linguistic Demands: The following are examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach these linguistic demands in the new and/or home language.

- Identify claims (interpretations; e.g., This means that the Hekla volcano "could erupt soon") and findings (facts; e.g., According to GPS monitoring, there is now more magma beneath Hekla than before the volcano's last eruption in 2000).
- Identify/use nouns and associated pronouns (e.g., volcano/Hekla) to describe the subject.
- Use transitional words and phrases (e.g., in fact) to present points.

Example to requires the Enignstic Demands						
Text Excerpt	Teacher Directions					
The Hekla volcano, one of Iceland's most active volcanoes, could be close to erupting, a University of Iceland geoscientist claims. In fact, the bulging ground on the northern side of the <u>volcano</u> indicates that magma (molten rock) is rising under the <u>volcano</u> . According to GPS monitoring, there is now more magma beneath <u>Hekla</u> than before the <u>volcano's</u> last eruption in 2000, said University of Iceland geophysicist Páll Einarsson yesterday (March 17). This means that the <u>Hekla volcano</u> "could erupt soon," Einarsson warned. <u>Hekla</u> has erupted more than 20 times in the last 1,200 years, blanketing southern Iceland with thick layers of ash and lava. Some of <u>its</u> eruptions were small, while others continued for months, temporarily chilling northern latitudes. Iceland's Hekla volcano could blow soon, claims scientist. Retrieved from www.nbcnews. com/science/science-news/icelands-hekla-volcano-could-blow-soon-claims-scientist -n56226	 Analyze in a whole class or small groups how an author presents pertinent descriptions, facts, details and examples to present claims and findings: Identify claims (interpretations) (bold) (e.g., This means that the Hekla volcano "could erupt soon," Einarsson warned) and findings (facts) (<i>italics</i>) (e.g., <i>According to GPS monitoring, there is now more magma beneath Hekla than before the volcano's last eruption in 2000</i>). Identify/use nouns and associated pronouns (underline) (e.g., the volcano/<u>Hekla</u>) to describe the subject. Identify/use transitional words and phrases (wavy underline) (e.g., in fact) to present points. 					

Example to Address the Linguistic Demands