NEW LANGUAGE ARTS PROGRESSIONS (ESL/New Language)

evide	nce such that	Anchor Standard (SL.4) t listeners can follow the line opriate to task, purpose and	MAIN ACADEMIC DEMAND Present Information Appropriate to Task, Purpose and Audience, with Coherent Reasoning and Evidence			
Common Core Grade 5 Standard (SL.5.4): Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.					GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Report or Present, Sequence Ideas Logically, Using Facts and Details to Support Main Idea/Theme	
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
		When acquiring	a new language, using grade l	evel texts and appropriate su	pports, students are able to:	
RECEPTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words on a chain-of-ideas graphic organizer to identify the sequence of ideas or themes, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership and/or teacher-led small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a chain-of-ideas graphic organizer to identify the sequence of ideas or themes, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership and/or small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize a bank of phrases and short sentences on a chain-of- ideas graphic organizer to identify the sequence of ideas or themes, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information on a chain-of- ideas graphic organizer, using a glossary, to identify the sequence of ideas or themes, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information on a self- created chain-of-ideas graphic organizer to identify, independently, the sequence of ideas or themes, as a teacher reads aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings
		Reading-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words on a main-idea-and-details graphic organizer to identify facts and descriptive details about a topic or text	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize <i>preidentified words and</i> <i>phrases on a main-idea-</i> <i>and-details graphic</i> <i>organizer</i> to identify facts and descriptive details about a topic or text	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize a bank of phrases and short sentences on a main-idea- and-details graphic organizer to identify facts and descriptive details about a topic or text	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize <i>information on a main- idea-and-details graphic</i> <i>organizer, using a glossary,</i> to identify facts and descriptive details about a topic or text	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize <i>information independently</i> <i>on a self-created main- idea-and-details graphic</i> <i>organizer</i> to identify facts and descriptive details about a topic or text
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the <i>new and</i> , occasionally, in the home language.	in the <i>new language</i> .	in the <i>new language</i> .



5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
		Speaking-Centered Activity: Use <i>pretaught</i> <i>words to complete sentence</i> <i>starters</i> that report or present a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details, in <i>partnership and/</i> <i>or teacher-led small groups</i>	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use <i>preidentified</i> <i>words and phrases to</i> <i>complete sentence starters</i> that report or present a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details, in <i>partnership and/or small</i> <i>groups</i>	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use a bank of phrases and short sentences and the previously completed chain-of-ideas and main-idea-and-details graphic organizers to report or present a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details, in partnership, and/ or small groups	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use a glossary of sentences and the previously completed chain-of-ideas and main- idea-and-details graphic organizers to report or present a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use the previously completed chain-of-ideas and main- idea-and-details graphic organizers to independently report or present a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings
PRODUCTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Writing-Centered Activity: Use <i>pretaught</i> <i>words to complete cloze</i> <i>paragraphs</i> that analyze a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details	Writing-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases to complete cloze paragraphs that analyze a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details	Writing-Centered Activity: Use a bank of phrases and short sentences and the previously completed chain-of-ideas and main-idea-and-details graphic organizers to write a short essay that analyzes a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details	Writing-Centered Activity: Use a glossary of sentences and the previously completed chain-of-ideas and main- idea-and-details graphic organizers to write an essay that analyzes a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details	Writing-Centered Activity: Use the previously completed chain-of-ideas and main- idea-and-details graphic organizers to independently write an essay that analyzes a topic, opinion or text, sequencing ideas logically and using facts and relevant, descriptive details
		in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the <i>new and</i> , occasionally, in the home language.	in the <i>new language</i> .	in the <i>new language</i> .



Common Core Grade 5 Standard (SL.5.4): Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Report or Present, Sequence Ideas Logically, Using Facts and Details to Support Main Idea/Theme

Linguistic Demands: The following are examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach these linguistic demands in the new and/or home language.

- Identify/use adjectives (e.g., enchanting, unending, humble), adverbs (e.g., crushingly) and verbs (e.g., eating, gives, doesn't) to report on a topic or present an opinion.
- Identify/use transitional words and phrases (e.g., take for instance, but more than that) to sequence the ideas logically.
- Identify/use nouns and associated pronouns (e.g., cricket/it) to describe the subject.

Example to Address the Emguistic Demands					
Text Excerpt	Teacher Directions				
I've always found something enchanting in the idea of <u>eating bugs</u> . <i>Partly</i> for the exoticism, <u>introducing</u> new things into our diet that challenge chefs and provoke our taste buds. <u>But more than that</u> , there are unending benefits to the planet and our health that <u>seem</u> attractive when <u>thinking</u> about a <u>growing</u> population and limited resources. <u>Take for instance a cricket</u> . The humble squeaker <u>doesn't have</u> the most riveting life—it <u>doesn't feel</u> pain quite the same way as mammals, and its lifespan is <i>crushingly</i> short , about three months. The horrifying conditions of some factory farms that <u>raise</u> pigs or cattle <u>don't apply</u> to crickets or ants or earthworms. They live in crowded conditions, <i>practically</i> on top of each other. The only problem is that many Americans have never <u>been able to get</u> past the psychological hurdle. Eating unfamiliar animals that are lower in cholesterol and saturated fat <u>makes</u> sense on paper, <u>but</u> it just <u>doesn't feel</u> right. Never mind that 80 percent of the world <u>make insects</u> a regular part of the diet. In America, bug-eating just <u>gives</u> most people the creeps. There's a reason why Fear Factor <u>was</u> such <i>strangely</i> gripping TV show. Yet, perhaps those attitudes <u>are receding</u> . Stone, D. (2013, August). Eating crickets: I tried them and so should you. <i>National Geographic Magazine</i> . Retrieved from http://newswatch.nationalgeographic. com/2013/08/19/eating-crickets-i-tried-them-and-so-should-you/	 Analyze in a whole class or small groups how to differentiate between facts and opinions: Identify/use adjectives (bold) (e.g., enchanting, unending, humble), adverbs (<i>italics</i>) (e.g., <i>crushingly</i>) and verbs (<u>underline</u>) (e.g., <u>eating, gives, doesn't</u>) to report on a topic or present an opinion. Identify/use nouns and associated pronouns (<u>wavy underline</u>) (e.g., <u>cricket/it</u>) to describe the subject. Identify/use transitional words and phrases (<u>double underline</u>) (e.g., <u>Take for instance</u>, <u>But more than that</u>) to sequence the ideas logically. 				

Example to Address the Linguistic Demands

