text, i	including det	Anchor Standard (RI.4): ermining technical, connotates shape meaning or tone.	Main Academic Demand  Analyze the Impact of Word Choice			
		<b>Grade Prekindergarten</b> g new vocabulary (e.g., ask	Grade Level Academic Demand Ask Questions about Unfamiliar Vocabulary			
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
		When acquiring	a new language, using <b>grade l</b>	evel texts and appropriate sup	ports, students are able to:	
RECEPTIVE		Select illustrated, pretaught words and place them on a partially completed semantic web, during/after a read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Select illustrated, preidentified words and place them on a partially completed semantic web, during/after a read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Select illustrated, preidentified words and phrases and place them on a partially completed semantic web, during/after a read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Select illustrated, preidentified words and phrases and place them on a semantic web, after teacher modeling, during/ after a read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Select illustrated, preidentified words and phrases and place them on a semantic web, independently, during/after a read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time
PRODUCTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Use illustrated, pretaught words to complete sentence starters that ask questions about unfamiliar words, during/after read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Use illustrated, preidentified words to complete sentence starters that ask questions about unfamiliar words, during/after read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Use a bank of illustrated words and phrases to ask questions about unfamiliar words, during/after read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Use a previously completed semantic web, after teacher modeling, to ask questions about unfamiliar words, during/after read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Use a previously completed semantic web to independently ask questions about unfamiliar words, during/after read aloud, shared reading or independent reading time
		in the new and/or home language.	in the <i>new and/or home</i> language.	in the <i>new and</i> , occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the new language.

Draft

Common Core Grade Prekindergarten Standard (RI.PK.4): Exhibit curiosity and
interest in learning new vocabulary (e.g., ask questions about unfamiliar vocabulary).

Grade Level Academic Demand Ask Questions about Unfamiliar Vocabulary

**Linguistic Demands:** The following are examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach these linguistic demands in the new and/or home language.

• Use words and phrases (e.g., What does \_\_\_\_ mean?) to ask questions about new vocabulary.

Example to A	ddress the	Linguistic	<b>Demands</b>
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Example to Address the Eniguistic Demands					
Text Excerpt	Teacher Directions				
What do you do with a nose like this? If you're a <b>platypus</b> , you use your nose to dig in the mud.	In a mini lesson/small group ask and answer questions about new vocabulary: Use words and phrases (e.g., What does mean?) to ask questions about new vocabulary (bold) (e.g., platypus).				
If you're a hyena, you find your next meal with your nose.					
If you're an elephant, you use your nose to give yourself a bath.					
If you're a mole, you use your nose to find your way <b>underground.</b>					
If you're an alligator, you breathe through your nose while hiding in the water.					
Jenkins, S., & Page, R. (2003). What do you do with a tail like this? Orlando: Houghton Mifflin. (From Appendix B, CCSS, p. 33.)					