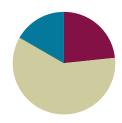
Lesson 27

Objective: Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.

Suggested Lesson Structure





Fluency Practice (14 minutes)

■ Sprint: Divide by 7 3.OA.7 (10 minutes) ■ Find the Area 3.MD.7 (4 minutes)

Sprint: Divide by 7 (10 minutes)

Materials: (S) Divide by 7 Sprint

Note: This Sprint builds fluency with multiplication and division facts using units of seven.

Find the Area (4 minutes)

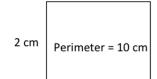
Materials: (S) Personal white boards

Note: This fluency activity reviews G3-M7-Lesson 19.

- T: (Project rectangle with a width of 2 cm. Inside the rectangle, write *Perimeter = 10 cm*.) On your board, write the length of this rectangle.
- S: (Write 3 cm.)
- T: (Write 3 cm on the length of the rectangle. Below the rectangle, write Area = .) On your board, write the area of this rectangle. Write out a multiplication sentence if you need to.
- S: (Write Area = 6 sq cm.)
- T: Draw a different rectangle that has the same area.
- S: (Draw a 1 cm \times 6 cm rectangle.)



One way to differentiate the Divide by 7 Sprint for students working above grade level is to make individualized performance goals. Students may enjoy recording and charting their completion time, seeking to improve their speed. Other goals may include good sportsmanship, persistence, high ambition, and leadership. Engage students in discussions of what constitutes excellence.



COMMON

Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter

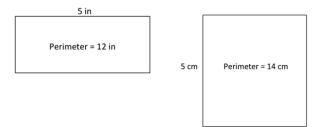
measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.



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Lesson 27:

Repeat process for the other rectangles.



Concept Development (36 minutes)

Materials: (T) Copy or image of a completed sample robot project, evaluation rubric (S) Ruler, 3 strings from G3-M7-Lesson 26, copy of sample Problem Set, Problem Set

Note: Students may analyze one another's work anonymously. If that's best for the class, be sure that work is labeled with a number or symbol rather than with student names.

Part A: Robot Evaluation

- T: (Project a sample robot, as shown to the right. Consider using blank paper to cover the environment to help students focus on the robot.) Here is a finished robot. Let's analyze the work. How can we check the measurements and perimeter calculations?
- S: We can use rulers to check measurements, then add to double check the perimeters.
- (Pass out sample rubric, shown to the right.) To analyze the accuracy of this robot, I used my ruler to measure the widths and lengths of each body part and recorded them on the chart in front of you. Then, I calculated the perimeter of Rectangle A and checked it with the required perimeter, labeled in the final column. Check my calculation for Rectangle A. Does it match the required perimeter?
- S: Yes, they are both 14 centimeters.
- Work with a partner to finish calculating the rest of the perimeters using the given lengths and widths. If you find that your measurements differ from the required perimeter, put a star by the letter of the rectangle.
- S: (Calculate perimeters.)
- T: What did you find?
- These perimeters are all correct!



Sample Rubric Name Sample

calculate the	below to evaluate your friend's robot. A perimeter. Record that information in th project, put a star by the letter of the rec	e table below. If your measurements dif	
Rectangle	Width and Length	Student's Perimeter	Required Perimeter
A		2+2+5+5=14cm	14 cm
В			14 cm
с	cm bycm		18 cm
D	cm bycm		18 cm
E			28 cm
F			16 cm
G			8 cm
н	cm bycm		
	cm bycm		



Lesson 27:

Date:



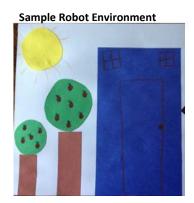


- T: What's next on our list?
- S: Checking that the body is double the perimeter of an arm and that the neck is half the perimeter of the head.
- T: Do that now. Record your calculations, and then check your answer with a partner's.
- S: (Record.) It's done correctly. A perimeter of 28 centimeters for the robot's body is double 14 centimeters, and 8 centimeters for the robot's neck is half of 16 centimeters.
- T: Each of you will analyze a classmate's robot just as we did this one. Write your classmate's name on your Problem Set. Confirm the measurements and perimeters calculated by your classmate with your ruler. (Distribute a classmate's work to each student, and circulate to answer questions that arise.)

Part B: Robot Environment Evaluation

In Part B students use the same process as Part A to evaluate a different classmate's robot environment. Each student uses their three strings to measure non-rectangular items like the sun and the tree tops. Make sure to discuss how these circular measurements most likely will not produce exact numbers. Provide examples of perimeter measurements that it's appropriate to call "about 25 centimeters."

If time permits, have students evaluate a different classmate's robot or robot environment.

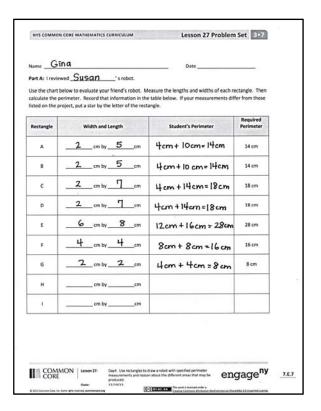


Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.





Lesson 27:

Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.



7.E.48

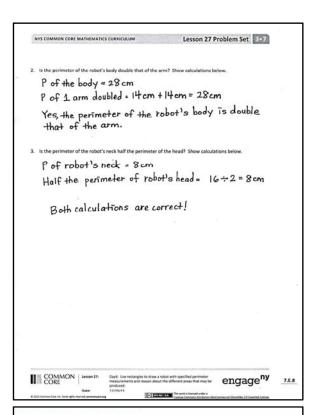
You may choose to use any combination of the questions below to lead the discussion.

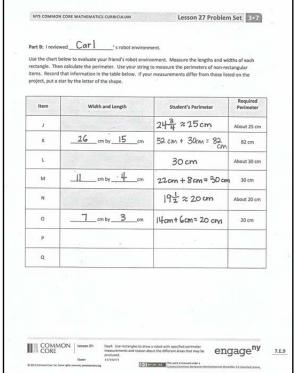
- How was the student work you checked similar to the design you created? How was it different?
- How was checking student work different from creating your design yesterday? If you could go back and change your design, would you? If so, in what ways?
- What did you learn about the areas of rectangles that have the same perimeters? How does this help you better understand the relationship between area and perimeter?

Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

MP.3

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help you assess the students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in the lesson today and plan more effectively for future lessons. You may read the guestions aloud to the students.







Lesson 27:

3/25/14





Correct ____

	Multiply or divide.				
1	2 x 7 =	23	3	x 7 = 70	
2	3 x 7 =	24	ŀ	x 7 = 14	
3	4 x 7 =	25	5	x 7 = 21	
4	5 x 7 =	26	5	70 ÷ 7 =	
5	1 x 7 =	27	<u>'</u>	35 ÷ 7 =	
6	14 ÷ 7 =	28	3	7 ÷ 7 =	
7	21 ÷ 7 =	29)	14 ÷ 7 =	
8	35 ÷ 7 =	30		21 ÷ 7 =	
9	7 ÷ 7 =	31		x 7 = 42	
10	28 ÷ 7 =	32	2	x 7 = 49	
11	6 x 7 =	33	3	x 7 = 63	
12	7 x 7 =	34	-	x 7 = 56	
13	8 x 7 =	35	5	49 ÷ 7 =	
14	9 x 7 =	36	3	63 ÷ 7 =	
15	10 x 7 =	37	<u> </u>	42 ÷ 7 =	
16	56 ÷ 7 =	38	3	56 ÷ 7 =	
17	49 ÷ 7 =	39		11 x 7 =	
18	63 ÷ 7 =	40		77 ÷ 7 =	
19	42 ÷ 7 =	41		12 x 7 =	
20	70 ÷ 7 =	42	2	84 ÷ 7 =	
21	x 7 = 35	43	3	14 x 7 =	
22	x 7 = 7	44		98 ÷ 7 =	



Lesson 27:



В	Multiply or divide.	Improvemen	t	# Correct
1	1 x 7 =	23	x 7 = 14	
2	2 x 7 =	24	x 7 = 70	
3	3 x 7 =	25	x 7 = 21	
4	4 x 7 =	26	14 ÷ 7 =	
5	5 x 7 =	27	7 ÷ 7 =	
6	21 ÷ 7 =	28	70 ÷ 7 =	
7	14 ÷ 7 =	29	35 ÷ 7 =	
8	28 ÷ 7 =	30	21 ÷ 7 =	
9	7 ÷ 7 =	31	x 7 = 21	
10	35 ÷ 7 =	32	x 7 = 28	
11	10 x 7 =	33	x 7 = 63	
12	6 x 7 =	34	x 7 = 49	
13	7 x 7 =	35	56 ÷ 7 =	
14	8 x 7 =	36	63 ÷ 7 =	
15	9 x 7 =	37	42 ÷ 7 =	
16	49 ÷ 7 =	38	49 ÷ 7 =	
17	42 ÷ 7 =	39	11 x 7 =	
18	56 ÷ 7 =	40	77 ÷ 7 =	
19	70 ÷ 7 =	41	12 x 7 =	
20	63 ÷ 7 =	42	84 ÷ 7 =	
21	x 7 = 7	43	13 x 7 =	
22	x 7 = 35	44	91 ÷ 7 =	



Lesson 27:



Name		Date	
Part A: I reviewed	_'s robot.		

1. Use the chart below to evaluate your friend's robot. Measure the lengths and widths of each rectangle. Then calculate the perimeter. Record that information in the table below. If your measurements differ from those listed on the project, put a star by the letter of the rectangle.

Rectangle	Width and Length	Student's Perimeter	Required Perimeter
А	cm bycm		14 cm
В	cm bycm		14 cm
С	cm bycm		18 cm
D	cm bycm		18 cm
E	cm bycm		28 cm
F	cm bycm		16 cm
G	cm bycm		8 cm
Н	cm bycm		
I	cm bycm		



Lesson 27:



2. Is the perimeter of the robot's body double that of the arm? Show calculations below.

3. Is the perimeter of the robot's neck half the perimeter of the head? Show calculations below.



Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.

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Date:

3/25/14

Part B: I reviewed	's robot environment
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Use the chart below to evaluate your friend's robot environment. Measure the lengths and widths of each rectangle. Then calculate the perimeter. Use your string to measure the perimeters of non-rectangular items. Record that information in the table below. If your measurements differ from those listed on the project, put a star by the letter of the shape.

Item	Width and Length	Student's Perimeter	Required Perimeter
J			About 25 cm
К	cm bycm		82 cm
L			About 30 cm
М	cm bycm		30 cm
N			About 20 cm
0	cm bycm		20 cm
Р			
Q			



Lesson 27:

3/25/14

Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.

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1. a. Record the perimeters and areas of Rectangles A and B in the chart below.

	5 cm		2 cm
5 cm	А	8 cm	В

Rectangle	Width and Length	Perimeter	Area
A	cm bycm		
В	cm bycm		

b. What is the same about Rectangles A and B? What is different?





Na	me		Date		
1.	Record the perime	ters and areas of the r	rectangles in the chart on the next page.		1 cm
	6 cm				
6 cm			8 cm	11 cm	
0 0	A	4 cm	В	11 (111	С
!					
ı	5 cm				
			8 cm	_	
5 cm	D	2 cm	E		

6 cm

F

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Lesson 27:

4 cm

Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced. 3/25/14

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Rectangle	Width and Length	Perimeter	Area
А	cm bycm		
В	cm bycm		
С	cm bycm		
D	cm bycm		
E	cm bycm		
F	cm bycm		

- a. Find the area and perimeter of each rectangle.
- b. What do you notice about the perimeters of Rectangles A, B, and C?

c. What do you notice about the perimeters of Rectangles D, E, and F?

d. Which two rectangles are squares? Which square has the greatest perimeter?



Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.



Date:

3/25/14

Name	Date	
INATTIC	Date	

Evaluation Rubric

4	3	2	1	Subtotal
Perimeter	Perimeter	Perimeter	Perimeter	
calculations for	calculations	calculations	calculations	
all shapes are	include 1 to 2	include 3 to 4	include 5 or	/4
correct, and	errors, and	errors, and at	more errors,	
both evaluations	both	least 1	and at least 1	
of a classmate's	evaluations of	evaluation of a	evaluation of a	
project have	a classmate's	classmate's	classmate's	
been completed.	project have	project has	project has	
	been	been	been	
	completed.	completed.	completed.	

vame Date	Name Date	
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Evaluation Rubric

4	3	2	1	Subtotal
Perimeter	Perimeter	Perimeter	Perimeter	
calculations for	calculations	calculations	calculations	
all shapes are	include 1 to 2	include 3 to 4	include 5 or	/4
correct, and	errors, and	errors, and at	more errors,	
both evaluations	both	least 1	and at least 1	
of a classmate's	evaluations of	evaluation of a	evaluation of a	
project have	a classmate's	classmate's	classmate's	
been completed.	project have	project has	project has	
	been	been	been	
	completed.	completed.	completed.	



Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.

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NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM	Lesson 27 Problem Set 3.7
Name Sample	Date
Part A: I reviewed Student A 's robot.	
Use the chart below to evaluate your friend's robot. Measu	ire the lengths and widths of each rectangle. Then

calculate the perimeter. Record that information in the table below. If your measurements differ from those listed on the project, put a star by the letter of the rectangle.

Rectangle	Width and Length	Student's Perimeter	Required Perimeter
Α		2cm+2cm+5cm+5cm=14cm	14 cm
В			14 cm
С		325	18 cm
D			18 cm
E	cm by cm		28 cm
F			16 cm
G			8 cm
н	cm bycm		
Ī	cm bycm	*	

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Lesson 27:

Day4: Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements and reason about the different areas that may be produced.

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7.E.7

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Lesson 27:

Use rectangles to draw a robot with specified perimeter measurements, and reason about the different areas that may be produced.

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7.E.59

Date:

3/25/14

12/19/13