explic	citly and to m	Anchor Standard (RL.1) nake logical inferences from rt conclusions drawn from t	Main Academic Demand Draw Inferences Using Evidence from the Text			
		Grade 8 Standard (RL.8 sis of what the text says exp	Grade Level Academic Demand Cite Textual Evidence and Draw Inferences That Most Support Analysis of Text			
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
		When acquiring	a new language, using <b>grade l</b>	evel texts and appropriate sup	ports, students are able to:	
RECEPTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on an analyzing text graphic organizer to determine what the text says explicitly, as the text is read aloud in partnership and/or teacher-led small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on an analyzing text graphic organizer to determine what the text says explicitly, as the text is read aloud in partnership and/or small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed analyzing text graphic organizer to determine what the text says explicitly, as the text is read aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information on an analyzing text graphic organizer to determine what the text says explicitly, as the text is read aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information in a note taking guide, independently, to determine what the text says explicitly, as the text is read aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings
		Reading-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on a what I read, what I infer chart to draw inferences and identify supporting evidence	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a what I read, what I infer chart to draw inferences and identify supporting evidence	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed what I read, what I infer chart to draw inferences and identify supporting evidence	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize information on a what I read, what I infer chart, after teacher modeling, to draw inferences and identify supporting evidence	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize information in a note taking guide, independently, to draw inferences and identify supporting evidence
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and/or the home language.	in the <i>new and</i> , occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the new language.

5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
CTIVE	Oracy and	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters that cite evidence that most supports inferences drawn and the analysis of the text, when speaking in partnership and/or teacher- led small groups  Writing-Centered	Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters that cite evidence that most supports inferences drawn and the analysis of the text, when speaking in partnership and/or small groups  Writing-Centered	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use a word bank to cite evidence that most supports inferences drawn and the analysis of the text, when speaking in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Activity: Use the previously completed graphic organizers to cite evidence that most supports inferences drawn and the analysis of the text, when speaking in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings  Writing-Centered	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use knowledge of the text, independently, to cite evidence that most supports inferences drawn and the analysis of the text, when speaking in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings  Writing-Centered
PRODUCTIVE	Literacy Links	Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases to complete cloze paragraphs that cite textual evidence to analyze what a text says explicitly and to support inferences drawn from the text	Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases to write two or more paragraphs that cite textual evidence to analyze what a text says explicitly and to support inferences drawn from the text	Activity: Use a word bank and the previously completed graphic organizers to develop a short essay that cites textual evidence to analyze what a text says explicitly and to support inferences drawn from the text	Activity: Use the previously completed graphic organizers and teacher-provided models to develop an essay that cites textual evidence to analyze what a text says explicitly and to support inferences drawn from the text	Activity: Use the previously completed graphic organizers to independently develop a multiple paragraph essay that cites textual evidence to analyze what a text says explicitly and to support inferences drawn from the text
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the <i>new language</i> .

**Common Core Grade 8 Standard (RL.8.1):** Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly, as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Grade Level Academic Demand
Cite Textual Evidence and Draw Inferences
That Most Support Analysis of Text

**Linguistic Demands:** The following are some examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach these linguistic demands in the new and/or home language.

- Use words and phrases to cite (e.g., according to the author, the author says, here it states).
- Use words and phrases to explain inferences drawn from the text (e.g., This means that \_\_\_\_\_; the author thinks that \_\_\_\_\_; this makes me reach the conclusion that \_\_\_\_\_.

## **Example to Address the Linguistic Demands**

Example to Address the Linguistic Demands						
Text Excerpt	<b>Teacher Directions</b>					
I am from Quisquilla la Bella  I am from Quisquilla la bella, from merengue, bachata, perico ripiao, and church bells on Sundays. I am from the words Dios, patria, libertad from the feeling of sadness, but also of not giving up. I am from the promise of friendship and love, from "always be yourself," "believe in who you are." I am from rice and beans, roast chicken, pernil, plátanos, mangos, coconuts, corn. I am from beautiful gardens with palm trees, from mountains and precious blue sky. I am Latina. Dominican. Proud.  Ramirez, A. (2005). I Am from Quisquella la Bella. In L.M. Carlson (Ed.). Red hot salsa. New York: Henry Holt & Co. Retrieved from http://www.fcps.edu/MtVernonHS/media_center/	In a small group/whole class discussion model for students and ask them to use introductory words and phrases to present details from a text that draw an inference.  • Use words and phrases to cite (e.g., according to the author, the author says, here it states).  • Use words and phrases to explain inferences drawn from the text (e.g., This means that; the author thinks that; this makes me reach the conclusion that). (e.g., In the poem, I Am from Quisquella la Bella, by Amiris Ramirez, the author repeats the lines "I am from" followed by characteristics of the Dominican culture. This makes me reach the conclusion that/This suggests that the author is proud of her background as she lists aspects of her culture that represent her.)					
webquest/2008 2009/harlem renaissance/teacher resources/forms/quisquella la bella.pdf						