$12 \frac{\text{DAY } 12}{\text{Animals}}$

✓ Lesson Objectives

Core Content Objectives

Students will:

- ✓ Identify at least ten animals by name
- ✓ Pair pictures of mother and baby animals that look similar to each other

Language Arts Objectives

Starting the Day

Students will:

- ✓ Memorize and recite with others the nursery rhyme "The Eensy, Weensy Spider (RL.P.5, RF.P.2a)
- ✓ Perform previously taught hand and body gestures associated with "The Eensy, Weensy Spider" (RL.P.10)

Skills

Students will:

- ✓ With prompting and support, given a sound and a choice of two words, choose the word that begins with the given sound (RF.P.2d)
- ✓ With prompting and support, give the beginning sound of a spoken word (RF.P.2d)
- ✓ Memorize and recite with others the nursery rhyme "The Eensy, Weensy Spider" (RL.P.5, RF.P.2a)
- ✓ Memorize and recite independently a simple nursery rhyme, poem, or song (RL.P.5, RF.P.2a)
- √ Show understanding of and use temporal words in context (first, next, then, and last) (L.P.5c)
- √ With prompting and support, sequence illustrations of three to five story events (RL.P.2)

✓ Provide a story ending consistent with other given story events (RL.P.10)

Listening & Learning

Students will:

- ✓ Attend and listen to illustrated picture books with simple story lines (RL.P.5)
- ✓ Actively engage in group reading activities with purpose and understanding (RL.P.10)
- ✓ With prompting and support, ask and answer who, what, where, when, and why questions about Is Your Mamma a Llama? (SL.P.2, SL.P.3, RL.P.1, RL.P.3)
- √ With prompting and support, use words and phrases acquired through conversations, and reading and responding to Is Your Mamma a **Llama?** (L.P.6)
- ✓ Describe an illustration or text in *Is Your Mamma a Llama?* and make connections to self and the world around them (RL.P.11)
- ✓ Predict events in *Is Your Mamma a Llama?* (i.e., what will happen next) (RL.P.10)
- √ With prompting and support, ask and answer questions about unfamiliar core vocabulary in *Is Your Mamma a Llama?* (RL.P.4)
- √ Add drawings or other visual displays to describe an event or task that has already taken place outside the immediate place and time (SL.P.5)
- ✓ With prompting and support, retell *Is Your Mamma a Llama?* aloud including characters, a beginning, and an ending (RL.P.2)
- √ With prompting and support, describe an illustration and make connections to the story and self (RL.P.7)
- √ Understand and use precise nouns and verbs related to families and animals (L.P.1b)
- ✓ Understand and use increasingly varied and complex vocabulary (RL.P.4)
- ✓ Classify by the conceptual categories of mothers and babies (L.P.5a)
- √ Assume a different role or perspective and express different possibilities, imaginary or realistic (SL.P.6)

- ✓ With prompting and support, use a combination of drawing, dictating, and/or writing to create an informative text about animals, naming the topic and supplying some information about animals (W.P.2, W.P.8)
- ✓ With prompting and support, make revisions to drawing or writing, adding greater detail, based on feedback from adults and peers (W.P.5)
- ✓ Create a rhyme or story in the style of a favorite book or author (W.P.11)

At a Glance		Francia	Mataviala	Minutes
STARTING THE DAY	-	Exercise	Materials	Minutes
Routines	W	Continue Established Routines	Pictorial Schedule	During
Nursery Rhyme	W	The Eensy, Weensy Spider	Nursery Rhymes and Songs Poster 45	morning circle
SKILLS				
Small Group 1	S	Warm-Ups Find an /m/ Word	Image Cards 11-1–11-8	10
Small Group 2	S	Warm-Ups The Eensy, Weensy Spider Sequencing	Image Cards 12-1–12-2; Activity Page 12-1; chart paper; blank piece of paper (one per student); glue or tape	10
LISTENING & LEARNING				
Introducing the Trade Book Reread	W	Purpose for Listening	Image Cards 11-9-11-14; pocket chart; <i>Is Your Mama a</i> <i>Llama?</i> by Deborah Guarino	5
Trade Book Reread	W	<i>Is Your Mama a Llama?</i> by Deborah Guarino	Image Cards 11-9-11-14; pocket chart; <i>Is Your Mama a</i> <i>Llama?</i> by Deborah Guarino	10
Deepening Understanding	W	Deepening Understanding: <i>Belong</i>	Is Your Mama a Llama? by Deborah Guarino	10
Extension Activity	L	"If I Could Be an Animal" Class Book	Animals Flip Book; animal trade books from library center; magazines or computer printouts with animals; paper; drawing/writing utensils	During learning centers

Take-Home Material

Observing Animals

Give students the following material to take home to their family:

• Activity Page 12-2: Observing Animals

Advance Preparation

Small Groups

Make a copy of Small Group 1 and Small Group 2 pages from the Teacher Guide as needed so that each Small Group leader has a copy of the lesson for implementation.

Small Group 2

On a piece of chart paper, write the numbers 1, 2, and 3, leaving enough space above each number to place an Image Card. Cut apart the three pictures on **Activity Page 12-1** for each student. Paper clip the set of three pictures together for each student. Have a piece of blank paper for each student. You can provide additional support by drawing a large green dot at the far left of the paper to signal the starting point and a red dot at the far end of the paper to signal the stopping point. You might also draw three boxes the same size as the images to indicate where students can place the boxes.

Trade Book Reread

Place **Image Cards 11-9–11-14** in a pocket chart to be displayed during the Trade Book Reread of *Is Your Mama A Llama?* by Deborah Guarino and Steven Kellog.

Starting the Day		Exercise	Materials	Minutes
Routines	W	Continue Established Routines	Pictorial schedule	
Routines	VY	Ordering the Schedule Using Temporal Words	Pictorial schedule	During morning circle
Nursery Rhyme	W	The Eensy, Weensy Spider	Nursery Rhymes and Songs Poster 45	- Oil Ole

Routines



Continue Established Routines

Continue conducting the daily routines introduced during the All About Me and Families and Communities domains. These include:

- Ordering the Schedule Using Temporal Words
- Learning Center labels and sign-in
- Materials labels
- Attendance: Copying Your Name
- Classroom jobs

Nursery Rhyme



The Eensy, Weensy Spider

Students will learn the motions that go along with "The Eensy, Weensy Spider."

 Show and then teach students the motions that go along with the song. Some hand motions, such as the climbing spider motion, may be difficult for students. Encourage students to try the way you demonstrate, or demonstrate a simpler motion so all students can participate.

• Practice singing the song and doing the hand motions, encouraging students to join you in singing and doing the motions.

When you say	Do this
The eensy, weensy spider	Touch thumb to pointer on opposite hands and alternate, making your hands climb like a spider.
Down came the rain	Flutter ten fingers in the air moving your hands downward
washed	Sweep hands downward and apart
Out came the sun	Sweep hands upward and apart
So the eensy, weensy spider	Touch thumb to pointer on opposite hands and alternate, making your hands climb like a spider

Skills	Exercise		Materials	Minutes	
Small Group 1	2	Warm-Ups	Image Cards 11-1–11-8	10	
Sman Group 1		Find an /m/ Word	image cards in initial		
		Warm-Ups	Image Cards 12-1-12-2; Activity		
Small Group 2	S	The Eensy, Weensy Spider Sequencing	Page 12-1; chart paper; blank piece of paper (one per student); glue or tape	10	

Note: At the end of ten minutes, students should switch groups so they have the opportunity to participate in both Small Group activities. Use Transition Cards to move students between Small Groups.

Small Group 1

10 minutes



Warm-Ups

Move Your Body

Students will follow your commands and make movements with their bodies. As they make the movements, they will repeat the command and elongate the initial sound of each word.

- Tell students that you are going to ask them to make some movements with their bodies.
- Tell students that the words might seem a little bit funny because you are going to say the first sound of each word for a long time.
- Tell the students to "nnnod" their heads.
- Once students figure out what movement to make, have them say the word with you, elongating the initial sound of each word. Then, comment on the sound at the beginning of the word (remember to say the sound /n/, not the letter 'n').
- Tell students to:
 - mmmarch in place
 - sssing
 - look ssscared
 - sssmell a flower
 - sssit down
 - zzzip up their coats
 - fffall on the floor

- fffly
- vvvaccuum
- Illaugh
- Illick an ice cream cone
- rrrun
- rrrock back and forth
- rrreach up high

Find an /m/ Word

Students will identify whether or not words start with the /m/ sound using Image Cards 11-1-11-5: Initial Sound: /m/ and 11-6-11-8: Initial Sound: Other.

If students identify the *name* of the letter that spells the /m/ sound (i.e., 'm'), confirm that they have indeed correctly identified the *name* of the letter 'm'. Then, clarify that they are listening for the *sound* at the beginning of the word, and that letters have both names and sounds.

Note: If students are not ready to advance after Rounds 1 or 2, repeat these rounds.

Round 1

- From **Image Cards 11-1-11-8**, select five words that start with the /m/ sound and five other words.
- Place Image Cards face down on the table.
- Have students choose a card.
- All students say the word aloud, then make the /m/ sound if the word starts with the /m/ sound or shake their heads if it does not.

Round 2

- Lay cards out as in Round 1.
- Have *individual students* say the word they chose and decide whether or not it starts with /m/.
- Ask all students to repeat the word and check whether the student was correct.

Round 3

- Increase the number of Image Cards to eight /m/ words and eight other words.
- Place Image Cards face-up on the table.
- Ask a student to choose a word that starts with /m/ or that does not start with /m/. Prompt the student to say the word aloud so s/he can hear the initial sound.
- Ask all students to repeat the word and check whether the student was correct.
- Continue until all /m/ cards have been chosen.

Small Group 2 10 minutes



The Eensy, Weensy Spider Sequencing

Students will order and sing a familiar nursery rhyme, using the words first, next, then, and last to tell the rhyme.

- Remind students that they have been singing the song "The Eensy, Weensy Spider" during the unit about animals. Invite students to sing the song with you.
- Show the students Image Cards 12-1-12-2: Spider Sequencing. Show students the chart paper labeled 1, 2, and 3 (see **Advance** Preparation).
- Tell students that they are going to help you put the pictures in order to tell the story of The Eensy, Weensy Spider.
- Guide students in sequencing the pictures as a class by singing the song aloud and pointing to the pictures that depict each event in the song.
- Give students the sheet of paper you prepared for them and the pictures from Activity Page 12-1: Tell the Story of "The Eensy, Weensy Spider" (see Advance Preparation).
- Have students glue or tape the pictures down on the paper from left to right in the order that they occur in the song. Once students are finished, sing the song together as students point to each of their pictures, checking to make sure they are in the correct order.

Listening & Learning		Exercise	Materials	Minutes
Introducing the Trade Book Reread	W	Purpose for Listening	Image Cards 11-9-11-14; pocket chart; <i>Is Your Mama a</i> <i>Llama?</i> by Deborah Guarino	5
Trade Book Reread	W	<i>Is Your Mama a Llama?</i> by Deborah Guarino	Image Cards 11-9-11-14; pocket chart; <i>Is Your Mama a</i> <i>Llama?</i> by Deborah Guarino	10
Deepening Understanding	W	Deepening Understanding: <i>Belong</i>	Is Your Mama a Llama? by Deborah Guarino	10
Extension Activity	L	"If I Could Be an Animal" Class Book	Animals Flip Book; animal trade books from library center; magazines or computer printouts with animals; paper; drawing/writing utensils	During learning centers

Introducing the Trade Book Reread

5 minutes



Purpose for Listening

- Point to the baby llama on the cover and tell students that this story is about a baby llama that is looking for its mama.
- Point to Image Cards 11-9-11-14: Mother and Baby Animals displayed in pocket chart (see Advance Preparation).

"Remember, we read this book yesterday and learned all about baby and mother animals. This book is about a baby llama looking for his mother, who he calls 'mama.' Today I am going to have you guess which animal comes next by looking at these pictures. If you know which animal comes next, raise your hand and you can come forward and point to that animal in this chart."

Is Your Mama a Llama? by Deborah Guarino

PAGE 3 (TITLE PAGE) . . . pictures by Steven Kellogg

▶ PAGE 9 . . . more like a . . .

forward and point to the correct Image Card.	
"Can you guess what mama animal comes next? We just read the clues that this	mama anima
hangs by her feet and lives in a cave. Who can show me which mama animal tha	tis?"

▶ PAGE 10 . . . Bat!

Card.					
'This mai	ma animal is a bat.	A mama batloo	ks like the animo	al in this picture."	
	⇒ PAGE 13.	mama must b	e		

Can you gue	ss what mama animal comes next? We just read the clues that this mama anima
as a long nec	ck, white feathers, and wings. Who can show me which mama animal that is?"

PAGE 14 . . . Swan!

Card.			
"This man	na animal is a swan. A mama sw	an has big, white feat.	hers like in this picture."

- PAGE 17 . . . mama must be a . . .
- Ask students to predict which mama animal they will see next by having one student come forward and point to the correct Image Card. "Can you guess what mama animal comes next? We just read the clues that this mama animal likes to eat grass and says "moo." What animal is that?"

⇒ PAGE 18 . . . Cow!

Card.		
This mo	ama animal is a cow. A mama cow looks similar to a baby cow and likes to say, "n	100

- **⇒** PAGE 21 . . . must really be a . . .
- Ask students to predict which mama animal they will see next by having one student come forward and point to the correct Image Card.

 "Can you guess what mama animal comes next? We just read the clues that this mama animal has flippers and whiskers on her body and eats fish all day."

▶ PAGE 22 . . . Seal!

Card.		
"This ma	ma animal is a seal. A mama s	eal helps her baby by catching fish to help both of the
to eat. L	ook at this picture of the mam	a seal."

⇒ PAGE 25 . . . your mama's a . . .

⇒ PAGE 26 . . . Kangaroo!

Image	Card.
"This m	nama animal is a kangaroo. She has a pocket that she uses to carry her baby as she ho
around	," -

⇒ PAGE 29 . . . My mama's a . . .

orward and point to the correct Image Card.
Can you guess what mama animal comes next? We just read that this mama has big ears, lo
ashes, and fur. What animal is that?"

⇒ PAGE 30 . . . Llama!

•	Remind the students that Lloyd found his mama, who is also a llama.
•	Ask students how they can tell that this is Lloyd's mama.
•	Remind students that all animal babies have animal mamas that look a lot like them.



Deepening Understanding: Belong

Defining Belong

Reread the part of the read-aloud text that contains the word belong.

"Remember, in our read-aloud, we heard the word belong. Listen for the word belong while I read part of the read-aloud you heard before."

Show trade book pages 27–29

"Is your mama a llama?" I asked my friend Llyn. "Oh, Lloyd, don't be silly!" Llyn said with a grin. "My mama has big ears, long lashes, and fur . . . and you, of all people, should know about her! Our mamas **belong** to the same herd, and you know all about llamas, 'cause you are one, too!"

Define the word belong.

"What does the word belong mean?"

 When something belongs to a group, it means that it is part of or goes with the same group. You are all students in [your name]'s class. That means you belong to this class.

Reviewing Belong

 Have students use a word to tell you where the material belongs in the classroom.

"I want us to play a game together. I am going to show you some cards that belong around our classroom and we are going to talk about where they belong."

 Show students the materials labels you introduced during the Families and Communities domain and prompt them to tell you where the item on each label belongs (e.g., wooden blocks belong in the block center because there is a picture of wooden blocks on the shelf).

Expanding Belong

 Show students examples of things that belong together in the classroom. Have students share examples of things that belong together in the classroom.

"Now I want you to think of some things that do not belong together. This block belongs in the block center because that is where keep our blocks. This marker doesn't belong in the block center, because that's not where we use those. The markers belong in the Writing Center. Raise your hand when you think of things that belong together in our classroom."

Extension Activity



"If I Could Be an Animal" Class Book

Continue this activity during Learning Centers. See Day 7: "If I Could Be an Animal" Class Book for detailed instructions on this Extension Activity.