		Anchor Standard (RL.9) n order to build knowledge	MAIN ACADEMIC DEMAND Compare and Contrast Similar Texts and Subjects			
exper	riences of cha	Grade 1 Standard (RL.1 aracters in stories. and support, students will make	GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Compare and Contrast Experiences of Characters in Stories Make Cultural Connections to Text and Self			
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
		When acquiring	a new language, using grade l	level texts and appropriate sup	pports, students are able to:	
RECEPTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on a compare-and- contrast graphic organizer to analyze the adventures and experiences of characters in stories, as the text is read aloud in partnership and/or teacher- led small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a compare-and- contrast graphic organizer to analyze the adventures and experiences of characters in stories, as the text is read aloud in partnership and/or small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed compare-and- contrast graphic organizer to analyze the adventures and experiences of characters in stories, as the text is read aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize sentences on a compare- and-contrast graphic organizer to analyze the adventures and experiences of characters in stories, as the text is read aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information on a compare- and-contrast graphic organizer, independently, to analyze the adventures and experiences of characters in stories, as the text is read aloud in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings
		Reading-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on a Venn diagram to compare and contrast the experiences of characters in a story	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a Venn diagram to compare and contrast the experiences of characters in a story	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed Venn diagram to compare and contrast the experiences of characters in a story	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize sentences on a Venn diagram to compare and contrast the experiences of characters in a story	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize information on a Venn diagram, independently, to compare and contrast the experiences of characters in a story
		in the <i>new and/or the home</i> language.	in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the new language.

5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
PRODUCTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters that describe similarities and differences among characters' adventures and experiences in a story, when speaking in partnership and/or teacher-led small groups Writing-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases to complete cloze sentences that make connections between text and self	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentences that describe similarities and differences among characters' adventures and experiences in a story, when speaking in partnership and/or small groups Writing-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words to complete a cloze paragraph that makes connections between text and self	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use words from a word bank to participate in a discussion that describes similarities and differences among characters' adventures and experiences in a story, when speaking in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings Writing-Centered Activity: Use words from a word bank and the previously completed graphic organizers to develop a paragraph that makes connections between text and self	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use the previously completed graphic organizers to initiate a discussion that describes similarities and differences among characters' adventures and experiences in a story, when speaking in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings Writing-Centered Activity: Use the previously completed graphic organizers and teacher-provided models to develop a short essay that makes connections between text and self	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use the previously completed graphic organizers, independently, to lead a discussion that describes similarities and differences among characters'
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the <i>new language</i> .

Common Core Grade 1 Standard (RL.1.9): Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.

a. With prompting and support, students will make cultural connections to text and self.

GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND

Compare and Contrast Experiences of Characters in Stories

Make Cultural Connections to Text and Self

Linguistic Demands: The following are examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach the standards in their new and/or home language.

- Use words and phrases (e.g., nouns and associated pronouns) to identify the subject (e.g., characters in the stories).
- Use words and phrases (e.g., verbs) to identify the experiences (e.g., woke, loved, wiggled) in the stories.
- Use sentence structures to compare and contrast (e.g., The stories are the same in that ____ and are different in that ____).
- Use sentence structures to make connections to text and self (e.g., I also know; I read; this reminds me of).

Example to Address the Linguistic Demands

Text Excerpts Teacher Directions In a small group or whole class setting, model how to compare and contrast the Text 1 Long, long ago, when tigers still smoked pipes, two green frogs lived with their adventures and experiences of characters in stories and to make text to self connections: **mother** in a lotus pond. The green frogs loved their mother, but they never obeyed her and always did the • Use words and phrases to identify the subject (nouns and associated pronouns) opposite of what **she** told them to do. (bold) (e.g., Text1: two green frogs, mother, they, sons, she; Text 2: princess, she, frog). Notice that in Text 2, the princess refers to the frog as When spring arrived at the pond, **mother frog** woke her **sons**. "water-splasher." "Rise and shine! Spring is here!" **she** said. • Use words and phrases to identify the experiences (verbs) (italics) (e.g. Text 1: They grumpily *pulled* their blankets over their heads and *wiggled* their toes. woke, loved, pulled, wiggled, get; Text 2: looked, asked, has fallen). "I know how to get them up," **mother frog** thought. • Use sentence structures to compare and contrast (e.g. The stories are the same in that and are different in that .) Text 2 • Use sentence structures to compare and contrast (e.g., The stories are the same The **princess** *looked* around. **She** *looked* into the well. in that and are different in that). An ugly little **frog** was *looking* up at her. The **frog** asked again, "What is the • Use sentence structures to make connections to text and self (e.g., I also know matter, princess?" ; I read ; this reminds me of). "Oh, it's you, you old water-splasher," the **princess** said. "My golden ball has fallen into the well. That is why I am crying." Text 1 Heo, Y. (2004). The green frogs. A Korean folktale. Boston: HMH Books for Young Readers. Text 2 Tarcov, E. H. (1993). The frog prince. [J. Marshall, Illus.] New York: Cartwheel.