# 12.3.1 Lesson 12

#### Introduction

In this lesson, the Mid-Unit Assessment, students use textual evidence from Jared Diamond's Guns, Germs, and Steel and the Evaluating Evidence and Reasoning Tool from 12.3.1 Lesson 11 to craft a formal, multi-paragraph response to the following prompt: Choose an excerpt from Guns, Germs, and Steel. Identify one of Diamond's supporting claims; evaluate whether the evidence is relevant and sufficient and the reasoning is valid to support that claim.

Students review their annotated texts, lesson Quick Writes, discussion notes, homework notes, and tools to organize their ideas. Students then develop their responses to convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of the content. The Mid-Unit Assessment is assessed using the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric.

For homework, students complete another multimedia journal entry, reflecting on their 2-3 selected areas of investigation and their work with pre-searches. Students' multimedia entries should respond to the following prompt: Describe what you have learned from your pre-searches. What area of investigation looks most promising for further research?





# **Standards**

Assessed Standard(s)			
CCRA.8	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.		
W. 11-12.2.a-f	<ul> <li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.</li> <li>a. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.</li> <li>b. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.</li> <li>c. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.</li> <li>d. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.</li> <li>e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.</li> <li>f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).</li> </ul>		
Addressed S	standard(s)		
W.11-12.4	Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
L.11-12.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.		
L.11-12.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.		





## **Assessment**





#### Assessment(s)

Student learning in the first part of 12.3.1 is assessed via a formal, multi-paragraph response. Students respond to the following prompt, citing textual evidence to support analysis and inferences drawn from the text.

- Choose an excerpt from *Guns*, *Germs*, *and Steel*. Identify one of Diamond's supporting claims; evaluate whether the evidence is relevant and sufficient and the reasoning is valid to support that claim
- Student responses are assessed using the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric.

High Performance Response(s)





#### A High Performance Response should:

- Identify a specific excerpt from the text (e.g., Guns, Germs, and Steel, pages 71-78).
- Identify a claim in this excerpt (e.g., "Pizarro's capture of Atahuallpa illustrates the set of proximate factors that resulted in Europeans' colonizing the New World" (p. 78)).
- Identify evidence and reasoning in the text (e.g., Evidence in the text includes: the use of horses at Cajamarca, which "exemplifies a military weapon that remained potent for 6,000 years, until the early 20th century, and that was eventually applied on all the continents" (p. 74); the fact that "Pizarro came to Cajamarca by means of European maritime technology" (p. 75); and the fact that the "Spaniards' steel swords and other weapons, steel armor, guns, and horses" (p. 72), gave them a military advantage over Pizarro. Diamond reasons that these factors amounted to "imbalances of equipment [which] were decisive in innumerable other confrontations of Europeans with Native Americans and other peoples" (p. 72). He explains that there were times when "a few dozen European horsemen routed thousands of Indians with great slaughter" (pp. 72-73) and reasons that the same set of factors played the deciding role in other conflicts between colonizers and natives.).
- Evaluate whether the evidence is relevant and sufficient (e.g., Each example of evidence is relevant to the claim because it provides a specific example of one of "the set of proximate factors" (p. 78) that led to Atahuallpa's defeat and was instrumental in many other conflicts between European colonizers and New World natives. The evidence selected is sufficient to support the claim because it shows how several combined factors ensured Atahuallpa's capture and the Spaniards' victory at Cajamarca. Diamond provides further evidence to indicate that these same factors were instrumental in the "Europeans' colonizing of the New World" (p. 78).).
- Evaluate whether the reasoning is valid (e.g., The reasoning is valid because Diamond uses sound logic to demonstrate that the factors of military disparity and "equipment" (p. 72) made the difference between victory and defeat at Cajamarca and many other times in history between colonizers and natives.).
   OR
- Identify a specific excerpt from the text (e.g., *Guns*, *Germs*, *and Steel*, pages 439-446).
- Identify a supporting claim in the selected excerpt (e.g., The Optimal Fragmentation Principle is that "innovation proceeds most rapidly in a society with some optimal intermediate degree of fragmentation: a too-unified society is at a disadvantage, and so is a too-fragmented society" (p. 441)).
- Identify evidence and reasoning in the text (e.g., Diamond supports his claim by providing the example of Germany: "[t]here are a thousand tiny beer companies in Germany, shielded from competition with one another because each German brewery has virtually a local monopoly, and they are also shielded from competition with





## Vocabulary

Vocabulary to provide directly (will not include extended instruction)

None.\*

Vocabulary to teach (may include direct word work and/or questions)

None.\*

Additional vocabulary to support English Language Learners (to provide directly)

None.\*

## Lesson Agenda/Overview

Student-Facing Agenda	% of Lesson
Standards & Text:	
• Standards: CCRA.8, W.11-12.2.a-f, W.11-12.4, L.11-12.1, L.11-12.2	
• Text: Guns, Germs, and Steel by Jared Diamond, pages 13-25, 65-78, 229-249, and 439-446	
Learning Sequence:	
1. Introduction of Lesson Agenda	1. 5%
2. Homework Accountability	2. 10%
3. 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Assessment	3. 80%
4. Closing	4. 5%

## **Materials**

- Copies of the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Assessment for each student
- Copies of the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric and Checklist for each student





<sup>\*</sup>Because this is not a close reading lesson, there is no specified vocabulary. However, in the process of returning to the text, students may uncover unfamiliar words. Teachers can guide students to make meaning of these words using the strategies outlined in L.11-12.4.a-d.

## **Learning Sequence**

How to Use the Learning Sequence		
Symbo l	Type of Text & Interpretation of the Symbol	
10%	Percentage indicates the percentage of lesson time each activity should take.	
no symbol	Plain text indicates teacher action.	
	Bold text indicates questions for the teacher to ask students.	
	Italicized text indicates a vocabulary word.	
•	Indicates student action(s).	
•	Indicates possible student response(s) to teacher questions.	
<b>i</b>	Indicates instructional notes for the teacher.	

## **Activity 1: Introduction of Lesson Agenda**

**5**%

Begin by reviewing the agenda and the assessed standards for this lesson: CCRA.8 and W. 11-12.2 a-f. In this lesson, students complete the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Assessment in which they identify one of Diamond's supporting claims and evaluate his reasoning and evidence.

Students look at the agenda.

## **Activity 2: Homework Accountability**

10%

Instruct students to take out their responses to the first part of the previous lesson's homework assignment. (Review and expand your notes, tools, and annotations in preparation for the following lesson's Mid-Unit Assessment.) Instruct students to form pairs and share how they reviewed and expanded their materials for the Mid-Unit Assessment.

 Students discuss how they reviewed and organized their materials for the Mid-Unit Assessment.

Instruct students to take out their responses to the second part of the previous lesson's homework assignment. (Continue to conduct pre-searches to gather potential sources for





research. Find three more potential sources for at least one area of investigation and record the following information: author's name, issue, source, location, publication date, and general content/key ideas.) Instruct student pairs to share 2-3 potential sources they found during their pre-searches.

Student responses vary according to the research conducted.

### Activity 3: 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Assessment

80%

Explain to students that because it is a formal writing task, the Mid-Unit Assessment should include an introductory statement, well-organized ideas supported by the most significant and relevant evidence, and a concluding statement or section. Students should use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to clarify relationships among complex ideas, and manage the complexity of the topic by using precise language and domain-specific vocabulary. Remind students to use proper grammar, capitalization, punctuation, and spelling in their responses to establish a formal style and objective tone.

Instruct students to use their annotated texts, lesson Quick Writes, discussion notes, homework notes, and tools to write their response. Remind students to use the Evaluating Evidence and Reasoning Tool from 12.3.1 Lesson 11. Distribute and review the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric.

• Students examine the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric.

Instruct students to write a multi-paragraph response to the following prompt:

Choose an excerpt from Guns, Germs, and Steel. Identify one of Diamond's supporting claims; evaluate whether the evidence is relevant and sufficient and the reasoning is valid to support that claim.

Remind students to use the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric to guide their written responses. Ask students to use this unit's vocabulary wherever possible in their written responses.

- Consider reminding students that demonstrating command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking demonstrates their application of L. 11-12.1.
- Consider reminding students that demonstrating command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing demonstrates their application of L.11-12.2.





- If necessary, consider reviewing the components of W.11-12.4, which include producing clear, coherent writing that employs organization and style appropriate to the task, purpose, and audience.
- Display the prompt for students to see, or provide the prompt in hard copy.
  - Students independently answer the prompt using evidence from the text.
  - See the High Performance Response at the beginning of the lesson.
- Consider encouraging students who finish early to reread and revise their responses.

## **Activity 4: Closing**

5%

Display and distribute the homework assignment. For homework, instruct students to complete another multimedia journal entry, reflecting on their 2-3 selected areas of investigation and their work with pre-searches. Instruct students that their multimedia entry should respond to the following prompt: Describe what you have learned from your presearches. What area of investigation looks most promising for further research?

Students follow along.

#### Homework

Complete another multimedia journal entry, reflecting on your selected 2-3 areas of investigation and your work with pre-searches. Your multimedia entry should respond to the following prompt: Describe what you have learned from your pre-searches. What area of investigation looks most promising for further research?





### 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Assessment

#### **Text-Based Response**

**Your task:** Rely on your reading and analysis of excerpts from *Guns*, *Germs*, *and Steel* to write a well-crafted, multi-paragraph response to the following prompt:

Choose an excerpt from Guns, Germs, and Steel. Identify one of Diamond's supporting claims; evaluate whether the evidence is relevant and sufficient and the reasoning is valid to support that claim.

Your response will be assessed using the 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric.

#### Guidelines

#### Be sure to:

- Read the prompt closely.
- Address all elements of the prompt in your response.
- Paraphrase, quote, and reference relevant evidence to support your claim.
- Organize your ideas in a cohesive and coherent manner.
- Maintain a formal style of writing.
- Follow the conventions of standard written English.





CCSS: CCRA.8, W.11-12.2 a-f

#### Commentary on the task:

This task measures CCRA.8 because it demands that students:

• Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

This task measures W.11-12.2.a-f because it demands that students:

- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
  - Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
  - Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
  - Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.
  - Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.
  - Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
  - Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).





# 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Rubric

\_\_\_\_\_ /\_\_\_ (Total points)

Criteria	4 - Responses at this Level:	3 - Responses at this Level:	2 - Responses at this Level:	1 - Responses at this Level:
Content and Analysis The extent to which the response delineates and evaluates the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	Skillfully delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	Accurately delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	With partial accuracy delineate and partially evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	Inaccurately delineate or minmally evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
CCSS.ELA- Literacy.CCRA.R.8				
Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.				





Criteria	4 - Responses at this Level:	3 - Responses at this Level:	2 - Responses at this Level:	1 - Responses at this Level:
Command of Evidence and Reasoning The extent to which the response thoroughly develops the topic through the effective selection and analysis of the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.	Thoroughly and skillfully develop the topic with the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. (W.11-12.2.b)	Develop the topic with significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. (W.11-12.2.b)	Partially develop the topic with weak facts, extended definitions, details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. (W.11-12.2.b)	Minimally develop the topic, providing few or irrelevant facts, extended definitions, details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. (W.11-12.2.b)
CCSS.ELA- Literacy.W.11-12.2				
Write informative/ explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.				
CCSS.ELA- Literacy.W. 11-12.2.b				
Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's				





#### 4 - Responses at this 3 - Responses at this 2 - Responses at this 1 - Responses at this Criteria Level: Level: Level: Level: Coherence, Skillfully introduce a Introduce a topic; Ineffectively introduce Lack a clear a topic; Organization, and topic; effectively a topic; organize organize complex illogically arrange ideas, concepts, and Style organize complex ideas, concepts, and complex ideas, information so that ideas, concepts, and concepts, and information, failing to The extent to which information so that each new element information so that create a unified whole; the response each new element builds on that which each new element when useful to aiding introduces a topic clearly builds on that precedes it to create a partially builds on that comprehension, and organizes which precedes it to unified whole; when which precedes it to ineffectively include complex ideas, create a unified whole; useful to aiding create a loosely unified formatting, graphics, concepts, and when useful to aiding comprehension, whole; when useful to and multimedia. (W. information so that comprehension, include formatting, aiding comprehension, 11-12.2.a) each new element skillfully include graphics, and somewhat effectively Ineffectively use builds on that which formatting, graphics, multimedia. (W. include formatting, precedes it to transitions and syntax and multimedia. (W. 11-12.2.a) graphics, and create a unified to link the major 11-12.2.a) multimedia. (W. whole; when useful Effectively use sections of the text, 11-12.2.a) to aiding Skillfully use appropriate and varied creating incoherent or comprehension, appropriate and varied transitions and syntax Somewhat effectively unclear relationships includes formatting, among complex ideas transitions and syntax to link the major use transitions or use graphics, and to link the major sections of the text, unvaried transitions and concepts. (W. multimedia. sections of the text, create cohesion, and and syntax to link the 11-12.2.c) create cohesion, and clarify the relationships major sections of the CCSS.ELA-Rarely or inaccurately clarify the relationships among complex ideas text, creating limited Literacy.W.11-12.2 use precise language, and concepts. (W. cohesion or clarity in among complex ideas domain-specific and concepts. (W. 11-12.2.c) the relationships Write informative/ vocabulary, or any 11-12.2.c) among complex ideas explanatory texts to Use precise language, techniques such as and concepts. (W. examine and convey Skillfully use precise domain-specific metaphor, simile, and 11-12.2.c) complex ideas, language, domainvocabulary, and analogy to manage the concepts, and specific vocabulary, techniques such as Inconsistently use complexity of the information clearly topic. (W.11-12.2.d) and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and precise language, and accurately metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the domain-specific through the effective Lack a formal style and analogy to manage the complexity of the vocabulary, and selection, objective tone that complexity of the topic. (W.11-12.2.d) techniques such as organization, and adheres to the norms topic. (W.11-12.2.d) metaphor, simile, and analysis of content. Establish a formal style and conventions of the analogy to manage the Skillfully establish and and objective tone that discipline. (W. complexity of the CCSS.ELAmaintain a formal style is appropriate for the 11-12.2.e) topic. (W.11-12.2.d) Literacy.W. and objective tone that norms and conventions 11-12.2.a Provide a concluding is appropriate for the of the discipline. (W. Establish but fail to statement or section norms and conventions 11-12.2.e) maintain a formal style Introduce a topic; that does not follow organize complex of the discipline. (W. and objective tone that Provide a concluding from or support the 11-12.2.e) is appropriate for the ideas, concepts, and statement or section information or norms and conventions information so that explanation presented. Provide a concluding that follows from and of the discipline. (W. each new element statement or section supports the (W.11-12.2.f) 11-12.2.e) builds on that which that clearly follows information or precedes it to create explanation presented. Provide a concluding from and skillfully a unified whole; supports the (W.11-12.2.f) statement or section include formatting information or that loosely follows (e.g., headings), explanation presented. from and so graphics (e.g., (W.11-12.2.f) ineffectively supports figures, tables), and the information or multimedia when explanation presented. useful to aiding (W.11-12.2.f)

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comprehension.





- A response that is a personal response and makes little or no reference to the task or text can be scored no higher than a 1.
- A response that is totally copied from the text with no original writing must be given a 0.
- A response that is totally unrelated to the task, illegible, incoherent, blank, or unrecognizable as English must be scored as
  a 0.





# 12.3.1 Mid-Unit Text Analysis Checklist

Assessed Standards:

	Does my response	~
Content and Analysis	Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text? (CCRA.R.8)	
	Evaluate the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence? (CCRA.R. 8)	
Command of Evidence and Reasoning	Develop the topic with the most significant and relevant textual evidence? (W.11-12.2.b)	
Coherence, Organization, and Style	Introduce a topic? (W.11-12.2.a)	
	Organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole? (W.11-12.2.a)	
	When useful to aiding comprehension, include formatting, graphics, and multimedia? (W.11-12.2.a)	
	Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts? (W.11-12.2.c)	
	Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic? (W. 11-12.2.d)	
	Establish a formal style and objective tone that is appropriate for the norms and conventions of the discipline? (W.11-12.2.e)	
	Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the explanation or analysis? (W.11-12.2.f)	







