		Anchor Standard (RI.2): lopment; summarize the key	MAIN ACADEMIC DEMAND Summarize Text by Determining Main Idea and Supporting Details				
		Kindergarten Standard ell key details of a text.	GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Identify Main Topic and Retell Key Details				
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)	
When acquiring a new language, using grade level texts and appropriate supports, students are able to:							
RECEPTIVE	Oracy	Organize illustrated, pretaught words in a pocket chart to identify the main idea and key details of a text, during/after a teacher read-aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Organize illustrated, preidentified words and phrases in a pocket chart to identify the main idea and key details of a text, during/ after a teacher read-aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Organize illustrated words and phrases from a bank in a pocket chart to identify the main idea and key details of a text, during/ after a teacher read-aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Organize illustrated words and phrases in a pocket chart, after teacher modeling, to identify the main idea and key details of a text, during/after a teacher read-aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	Organize illustrated words and phrases in a pocket chart, independently, to identify the main idea and key details of a text, during/ after a teacher read-aloud, shared reading or independent reading time	
PRODUCTIVE	and Literacy Links	Use illustrated, pretaught words to complete sentence starters that identify the main topic and retell key details, when speaking, dictating to the teacher or drawing/writing	Use illustrated, preidentified words and phrases to complete sentence starters that identify the main topic and retell key details, when speaking, dictating to the teacher or drawing/writing	Use illustrated words and phrases from a bank to identify the main topic and retell key details, after teacher questioning, when speaking, dictating to the teacher or drawing/writing	Use illustrated words and phrases to identify the main topic and retell key details, after teacher modeling, when speaking, dictating to the teacher or drawing/writing	Use illustrated, preidentified words, independently, to identify the main topic and retell key details, when speaking, dictating to the teacher or drawing/writing	
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the new language.	

Common Core Kindergarten Standard (RI.K.2): With prompting and support, identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.

GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Identify Main Topic and Retell Key Details

**Linguistic Demands:** The following are some examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach these linguistic demands in the new and/or home language.

- Identify words that appear throughout the text (e.g., nouns and related pronouns Use adjectives that provide details about the text. and/or verbs) to identify the main topic.
- Identify words (adjectives) and transition words (e.g., sequencing words) to identify details.
- Use sequence words (e.g., first, then, after) to retell key details.

Example to Address the Linguistic Demands						
Text Excerpt	Teacher Directions					
Most horses grow up on farms. A baby horse is called a foal. In just minutes, a newborn foal can stand up and take some wobbly steps over to its mother. The baby will stay very close to its mother until it is about six months old.	<ul> <li>In a read aloud, analyze how to identify the main topic (what the text is about) and retell key details (what is said about main topic).</li> <li>Identify words that appear throughout the text (e.g., nouns and related pronouns (bold) (e.g., baby horse, foal, baby) and verbs (italics) (e.g., grow, stand up, take) are all referring to the same concept.</li> <li>Identify words (adjectives) (underline) (e.g. wobbly, newborn).</li> <li>Identify transition words (chronological markers) (wavy underline) (e.g., in just minutes) to identify details.</li> </ul>					
Driscol, L. (1997). <i>Horses</i> . Photographs by Harold Roth. New York: Grosset & Dunlap.	Use sequence words (e.g., first, then, after) to retell key details.					