## **NEW LANGUAGE ARTS PROGRESSIONS (ESL/New Language)**

Grades 11–12: Speaking and Listening 6

		Anchor Standard (SL.6) sks, demonstrating comman	MAIN ACADEMIC DEMAND Adapt Speech to a Variety of Contexts, Demonstrating Command of Formal English			
conte	xts and tasks	<b>Grades 11–12 Standard</b> , demonstrating a command 2 Language standards 1 and 2	GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Adapt Speech to a Variety of Contexts and Tasks, Demonstrating Command of Formal English			
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	<b>Emerging</b> (Low Intermediate)	<b>Transitioning</b> (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
		When acquiring	a new language, using grade	level texts and appropriate sup	ports, students are able to:	
RECEPTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on a speech adaptations matrix to identify the various contexts to which a speaker adapts his or her speech, when watching or listening to various presentations in partnership and/or teacher- led small groups Reading-Centered	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a speech adaptations matrix to identify the various contexts to which a speaker adapts his or her speech, when watching or listening to various presentations in partnership and/or small groups Reading-Centered	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed speech adaptations matrix to identify the various contexts to which a speaker adapts his or her speech, when watching or listening to various presentations in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings Reading-Centered	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize <i>information on a speech</i> <i>adaptations matrix</i> to identify the various contexts to which a speaker adapts his or her speech, when watching or listening to various presentations in <i>partnership, small group</i> <i>and/or whole class settings</i>	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize <i>information,</i> when taking notes <i>independently</i> , to identify the various contexts to which a speaker adapts his or her speech, when watching or listening to various presentations in <i>partnership, small group</i> <i>and/or whole class settings</i>
		Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on a speech features chart that describes when and how speech was adjusted for different audiences, when reading a presentation transcript	Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a speech features chart that describes when and how speech was adjusted for different audiences, when reading a presentation transcript	Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed speech features chart that describes when and how speech was adjusted for different audiences, when reading a presentation transcript	Activity: Organize information on a speech features chart that describes when and how speech was adjusted for different audiences, when reading a presentation transcript	Activity: Organize information in a note-taking guide, independently, to describe when and how speech was adjusted for different audiences, when reading a presentation transcript
		in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the <i>new language</i> .	in the <i>new language</i> .



5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	<b>Emerging</b> (Low Intermediate)	<b>Transitioning</b> (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
rive	Oracy	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters to present a topic, adapting speech to a variety of contexts and demonstrating command of formal language, in partnership and/or teacher-led small groups	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters to present a topic, adapting speech to a variety of contexts and demonstrating command of formal language, in partnership and/or small groups	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use a <i>word bank</i> to present a topic, adapting speech to a variety of contexts and demonstrating command of formal language, in <i>partnership</i> , <i>small group and/or whole</i> <i>class settings</i>	<b>Speaking-Centered</b> <b>Activity:</b> Use the <i>previously completed</i> <i>graphic organizers</i> to present a topic, adapting speech to a variety of contexts and demonstrating command of formal language, in <i>partnership</i> , <i>small group and/or whole</i> <i>class settings</i>	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use knowledge of the topic, text or issue, independently, to present a topic, adapting speech to a variety of contexts and demonstrating command of formal language, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings
PRODUCTIVE	and Literacy Links	Writing-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases to complete cloze paragraphs that adjust speech to different audiences, demonstrating command of formal language	Writing-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases to write two or more paragraphs that adjust speech to different audiences, demonstrating command of formal language	Writing-Centered Activity: Use a word bank and the previously developed graphic organizers to compose a short essay that adjusts speech to different audiences, demonstrating command of formal language	Writing-Centered Activity: Use the previously developed graphic organizers and teacher-provided models to compose an essay that adjusts speech to different audiences, demonstrating command of formal language	Writing-Centered Activity: Use knowledge of the topic, text or issue, independently, to compose an essay that adjusts speech to different audiences, demonstrating command of formal language
		in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the <i>new and/or the home language</i> .	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the <i>new language</i> .	in the <i>new language</i> .



Common Core Grades 11-12 Standard (SL.11-12.6): Adapt speech to a variety of GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. Adapt Speech to a Variety of Contexts and Tasks, (See grades 11–12 Language standards 1 and 3 on page 68 for specific expectations.) Demonstrating Command of Formal English

Linguistic Demands: The following are examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach the standards in the new and/or home language.

- Use words and phrases appropriate for formal contexts and the task (the topic to Use words and phrases appropriate for informal contexts (e.g., information be developed; e.g., vocabulary, sentence forms and discourse that provide specific information).
  - supported by contextual clues such as gestures, intonation).

## **Example to Address the Linguistic Demands**

This standard does not have an example of a linguistic demand because it requires that students differentiate between formal and informal oral discourse.

Text Excerpt	Teacher Directions
Sample texts appropriate for 11th–12th grade students can be found in the Reading	In a small group and whole class setting, model how to express thoughts, feelings
for Information and Reading Literature standards.	and ideas using whole sentences that include subjects and predicates: Model and
	modify the task (present different topics) and situation (e.g., familiar and
	unfamiliar, formal and informal) in order for the language to adapt to different
	circumstances. Students can use their language(s) to fulfill the demands of this
	standard. For example, students can explain or describe a situation in their home
	language using informal language and describe a situation or event in the new
	language using a formal register.