

## Lesson 7: Equations for Lines Using Normal Segments

### Classwork

#### Opening Exercise

The equations given are in standard form. Put each equation in slope-intercept form. State the slope and the  $y$ -intercept.

1.  $6x + 3y = 12$

2.  $5x + 7y = 14$

3.  $2x - 5y = -7$

#### Example 1

Given  $A(5, -7)$  and  $B(8, 2)$ :

a. Find an equation for the line through  $A$  and perpendicular to  $\overline{AB}$ .

b. Find an equation for the line through  $B$  and perpendicular to  $\overline{AB}$ .



**Closing**

Describe the characteristics of a normal segment.

Every equation of a line through a given point  $(a, b)$  has the form  $A(x - a) + B(y - b) = 0$ . Explain how the values of  $A$  and  $B$  are obtained.

## Problem Set

- Given points  $C(-4,3)$  and  $D(3,3)$ :
  - Write the equation of the line through  $C$  and perpendicular to  $\overline{CD}$ .
  - Write the equation of the line through  $D$  and perpendicular to  $\overline{CD}$ .
- Given points  $N(7,6)$  and  $M(7,-2)$ :
  - Write the equation of the line through  $M$  and perpendicular to  $\overline{MN}$ .
  - Write the equation of the line through  $N$  and perpendicular to  $\overline{MN}$ .
- The equation of a line is given by the equation  $8(x - 4) + 3(y + 2) = 0$ .
  - What are the coordinates of the image of the endpoint of the normal segment that does not lie on the line? Explain your answer.
  - What translation occurred to move the point of perpendicularity to the origin?
  - What were the coordinates of the original point of perpendicularity? Explain your answer.
  - What were the endpoints of the original normal segment?
- A coach is laying out lanes for a race. The lanes are perpendicular to a segment of the track such that one endpoint of the segment is  $(2, 50)$  and the other is  $(20, 65)$ . What are the equations of the lines through the endpoints?