	mon Core A	Anchor Standard (SL.3): ad rhetoric.	MAIN ACADEMIC DEMAND Evaluate a Speaker's Point of View						
reaso	ning and use	Grade 11–12 Standard (Soft evidence and rhetoric, as ts of emphasis and tone used	GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND Evaluate a Speaker's Point of View, Reasoning and Use of Evidence and Rhetoric						
5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)			
	When acquiring a new language, using grade level texts and appropriate supports, students are able to:								
RECEPTIVE	Oracy and Literacy Links	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on a presentation reflection graphic organizer to analyze a speaker's stance, ideas and points of emphasis, in partnership and/or teacher-led small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on a presentation reflection graphic organizer to analyze a speaker's stance, ideas and points of emphasis, in partnership and/or small groups	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed presentation reflection graphic organizer to analyze a speaker's stance, ideas and points of emphasis, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information on a presentation reflection graphic organizer to analyze a speaker's stance, ideas and points of emphasis, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Listening-Centered Activity: Organize information when taking notes independently to analyze a speaker's stance, ideas and points of emphasis, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings			
		Reading-Centered Activity: Organize pretaught words and phrases on an inductive- main-idea graphic organizer to evaluate a speaker's links among ideas and reasoning, when reading a speech	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize preidentified words and phrases on an inductive- main-idea graphic organizer to evaluate a speaker's links among ideas and reasoning, when reading a speech	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize phrases and sentences on a partially completed inductive-main- idea graphic organizer to evaluate a speaker's links among ideas and reasoning, when reading a speech	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize information on an inductive-main-idea graphic organizer to evaluate a speaker's links among ideas and reasoning, when reading a speech	Reading-Centered Activity: Organize information in a note-taking guide, independently, to evaluate a speaker's links among ideas and reasoning, when reading a speech			
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the <i>new and/or the home</i> language.	in the <i>new and</i> , occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the <i>new language</i> .			

5 Levels of Language Development		Entering (Beginner)	Emerging (Low Intermediate)	Transitioning (High Intermediate)	Expanding (Advanced)	Commanding (Proficient)
TIVE	Oracy	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases and the previously completed graphic organizers to complete sentence starters that assess the stance, ideas, word choice and/or emphasis, to evaluate a speaker's point of view, in partnership and/or teacher- led small groups	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases to complete sentence starters that assess the stance, ideas, word choice and/or emphasis, to evaluate a speaker's point of view, in partnership and/or small groups	Activity: Use a word bank to participate in a discussion that assesses the stance, ideas, word choice and/or emphasis, to evaluate a speaker's point of view, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Activity: Use the previously completed graphic organizers to initiate a discussion that assesses the stance, ideas, word choice and/or emphasis, to evaluate a speaker's point of view, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings	Speaking-Centered Activity: Use knowledge of the topic, text or issue, independently, to lead a discussion that assesses the stance, ideas, word choice and/or emphasis, to evaluate a speaker's point of view, in partnership, small group and/or whole class settings
PRODUCTIVE	and Literacy Links	Writing-Centered Activity: Use pretaught words and phrases to complete cloze paragraphs that analyze a speaker's reasoning and use of rhetoric	Writing-Centered Activity: Use preidentified words and phrases to write two or more paragraphs that analyze a speaker's reasoning and use of rhetoric	Writing-Centered Activity: Use a word bank and the previously developed graphic organizers to compose a short essay that analyzes a speaker's reasoning and use of rhetoric	Writing-Centered Activity: Use the previously developed graphic organizers and teacher provided models to compose an essay that analyzes a speaker's reasoning and use of rhetoric	Writing-Centered Activity: Use knowledge of the topic, text or issue to compose an essay, independently, that analyzes a speaker's reasoning and use of rhetoric
		in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and/or the home language.	in the new and, occasionally, in the home language.	in the new language.	in the new language.

Common Core Grade 11–12 Standard (SL.11–12.3): Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning and use of evidence and rhetoric, assessing the stance, premises, links among ideas, word choice, points of emphasis and tone used.

Information and Reading Literature standard 3 for 11th–12th grades.

GRADE LEVEL ACADEMIC DEMAND

Evaluate a Speaker's Point of View, Reasoning and

Use of Evidence and Rhetoric

 Linguistic Demands: The following are examples in English that may vary based on the language of instruction. In the first three levels (entering, emerging and transitioning), students can approach these linguistic demands in the new and/or home language. Use words and phrases (e.g., the evidence suggests; the facts are; [Name of author] states that) that introduce evidence—facts, quotations. Use words and phrases (e.g., the main point of the argument is; however; nonetheless; in the following section; we now turn to) to link ideas. 							
Use words and phrases (e.g., this means that; a possible interpretation is; the author thinks; However, this has to be taken with a grain of salt) to delineate claims—interpretation of facts.							
Example to Address the Linguistic Demands							
This standard does not have an example of a linguistic demand because it requires evaluating a speaker's point of view. Sample texts can be found in the Reading for							

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