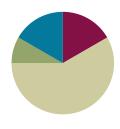
Lesson 5

Objective: Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph.

Suggested Lesson Structure





Fluency Practice (10 minutes)

Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets 2.OA.2 (5 minutes)

■ Coin Drop 2.NBT.2, 2.OA.2 (5 minutes)

Grade 2 Core Fluency Differentiated Practice Sets (5 minutes)

Materials: (S) Core Fluency Practice Sets (Lesson 1 Core Fluency Practice Sets)

Note: During Topic A and for the remainder of the year, each day's Fluency Practice includes an opportunity for review and mastery of the sums and differences with totals through 20 by means of the Core Fluency Practice Sets or Sprints. The process is detailed and Practice Sets are provided in Lesson 1.

Coin Drop (5 minutes)

Materials: (T) 2 quarters, 10 dimes, 10 nickels, can

Note: In this activity, students practice adding and subtracting 25, 10, and 5.

- T: (Hold up a quarter.) Name my coin.
- S: A quarter.
- T: How much is it worth?
- S: 25 cents.
- T: Watch carefully as I drop the quarter and some nickels in my can. Count along in your minds.

Drop in a quarter and some nickels and ask how much money is in the can. Take out some of the nickels and show them. Ask how much money is still in the can. Continue adding and subtracting nickels for a minute or so. Then, repeat the activity with a quarter and dimes, a quarter with dimes and nickels, and then 2 quarters with dimes and nickels.



Lesson 5: Date: Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15



Application Problem (5 minutes)

Rita has 19 more pennies than Carlos. Rita has 27 pennies. How many pennies does Carlos have?

Note: In this problem, the context shifts to money. This leads into today's Concept Development, where students work with money data to solve word problems, and segues into problem solving with coins and bills in Topic B. The problem type is *compare with smaller unknown*, one of the more difficult problem types because *more* suggests the wrong operation. Guide students, as needed, to draw a tape diagram to solve.

Concept Development (35 minutes)

Materials: (T) Ruler (optional) (S) Activity Sheets 1, 2, and 3, colored pencils or crayons

Note: In this lesson, students use money data to solve word problems. Depending on the needs of your students, you may choose to have them work independently, with a partner, or in groups.

T: Today, we're going to use activity sheets for our lesson. Use the information in the table to complete the graphs, and then use the data to answer the questions.

Pass out Activity Sheets 1 and 2. Circulate to be sure students are labeling their graphs accurately, paying special attention to the count scale. You may wish to remind them with the visual aid of a ruler that the beginning of the scale is 0 and not 1.

Provide support as students work. Invite them to share how they solved as they complete each problem. This is a good opportunity to work with a small group of students who are struggling with graphing or answering questions based on information presented in a graph. It is also a chance to provide extension for students working above grade level. For those students, a good alternative might be to use Activity Sheet 3 to design their own survey and table and then create a graph and questions to represent and interpret the data.

As students successfully complete their work, allow them to move on to the Problem Set.



Some students may find it visually challenging to fill in and read the graphs. Enlarge the activity sheet, or provide these students with Template 1 (Lesson 2) which leaves space between the bars. Also, have students use different colors to further distinguish the bars.



Activate multiple senses by playing music to create a soothing atmosphere.

Allow flexible grouping, and allow students to move around, check their work, and ask questions of those not in their pair or group.



Lesson 5: Date: Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15





Problem Set (10 minutes)

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted 10 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by specifying which problems they work on first. Some problems do not specify a method for solving. Students should solve these problems using the RDW approach used for Application Problems.

Student Debrief (10 minutes)

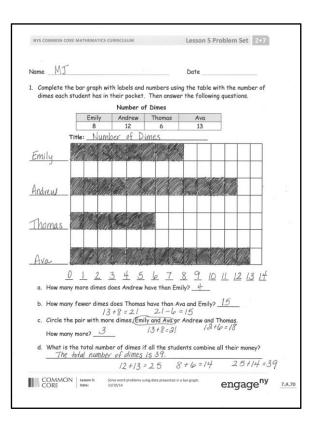
Lesson Objective: Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph.

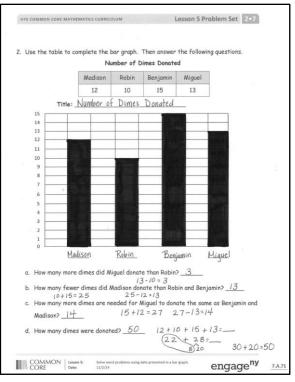
The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

- Look at Emily's dimes in the Problem Set. How many dimes would Emily have if you doubled her dimes? (16.) How would we record 16 in the graph? (We would have to make more boxes. Or, we could make each unit box's value 2 instead of 1.)
- In each graph you completed today, you were asked to find the total amount of coins recorded in the graph. Tell your partner if you figured out the answer in your head or with paper and pencil. Share the calculation strategy you used.
- Think about a question you could ask our class that you could turn into a bar graph. Tell your partner what question you would ask. What would you title your graph? What would the categories be labeled?







Lesson 5: Date: Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15



Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in today's lesson today and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.



Lesson 5: Date:

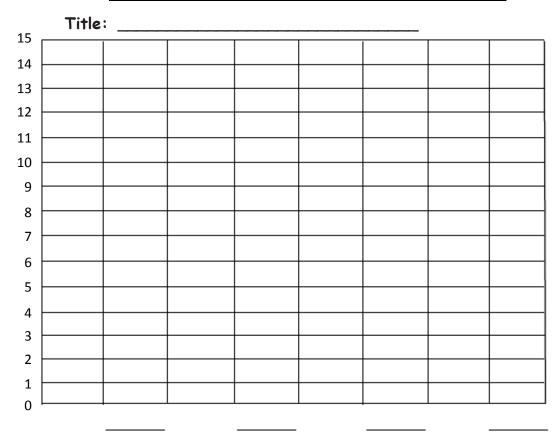
Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15



Name	Date	

Callista saved pennies. Use the table to complete the bar graph. Then, answer the following questions.

Pennies Saved								
Saturday	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday					
15	10	4	7					



a.	How many	pennies	did	Callista save	in all?	
----	----------	---------	-----	---------------	---------	--

h	Her sister	saved 18	fower	nennies	How many	nennies	did her	sister save?)
υ.	161 313161	suveu 10	1 EWEI	pennies.	riow many	pennies	ala nei	SISTEL SUVE?	

c.	How much more money	did Callista save	on Saturday th	an on Monday and
	Tuesday?			

d.	How will the data change	if	Callista	doubles	the	amount	of	money	she	saved	on
	Sunday?										

e.	Write a comparison question that can be answered using the data on the bar
	graph



Lesson 5: Date:

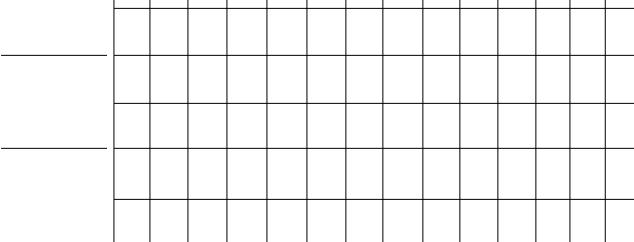
Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph.



Name	Date	
i varite	Duie	

A group of friends counted their nickels. Use the table to complete the bar graph. Then, answer the following questions.

Amount of Nickels						
Annie	Scarlett	Remy	LaShay			
5	11	8	14			



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- a. How many nickels do the children have in all? ____
- b. What is the total value of Annie and Remy's coins? ____
- c. How many fewer nickels does Remy have than LaShay? ____
- d. Who has less money, Annie and Scarlett or Remy and LaShay?
- e. Write a comparison question that can be answered using the data on the bar graph.



Lesson 5: Date: Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15



No	ıme	·										Date	z				_
1.	De	esign	a sur	vey a	nd co	llect [·]	the d	ata.									
2.	La	bel a	nd fil	l in t	he tal	ole.											
3.	Us	se the	e tabl	e to	label	and c	omple	ete th	ie bar	grap	h.						
4.			quest them		oased	on th	ne gro	aph, a	nd th	en le	t stud	dents	use y	our g	graphs	s to	
	a.																_
																	_
	c.																_
	d.																_
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COMMON CORE

Lesson 5: Date:

Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15

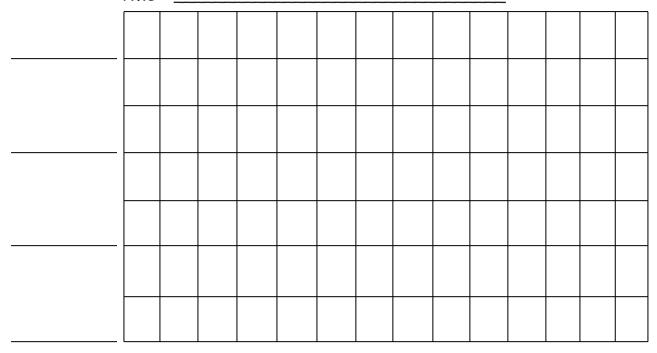


Name	Date	
1 401110	Daie	

Number of Dimes

Emily	Andrew	Thomas	Ava
8	12	6	13

Title:



_	How many	more dime	e does	Andrew have	than	Emilya	
u.	mow many	more ame	s does	Andrew have	man		

b.	How many	fewer	dimes	does	Thomas	have	than	Ava	and	Emily?	
----	----------	-------	-------	------	--------	------	------	-----	-----	--------	--

C.	Circle the pair with more dimes, Emily and Ava or Andrew and Thomas.	
	How many more?	

d.	What is the to	tal number of	f dimes if a	all the stude	ents combine all	their money?

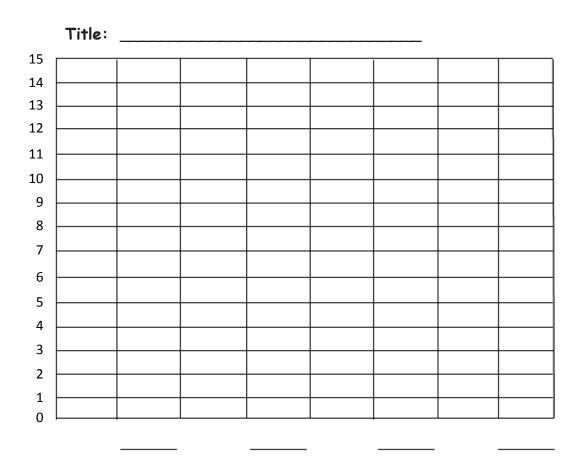
Lesson 5: Date:

Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph.



Number of Dimes Donated

Madison	Robin	Benjamin	Miguel		
12	10	15	13		



a.	How many more dimes did Miguel donate than Robin?	
b.	How many fewer dimes did Madison donate than Robin and Benjamin?	

c. How many more dimes are needed for Miguel to donate the same as Benjamin and Madison?

d. How many dimes were donated? _____



Lesson 5: Date:

Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15



Number of Dimes

Lacy	Sam	Stefanie	Amber			
6	11	9	14			

Title:												-		

a.	How many	more	dimes	does	Amber	have	than	Stefanie?	

b.	How mo	any c	dimes	will	Sam	and	Lacy	need	to	save	to	equal	Stefanie	and	Amber?

Lesson 5: Date:

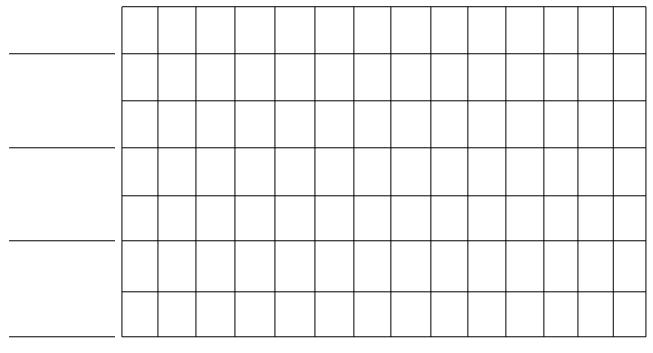
Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15



Number of Nickels

Justin	Melissa	Meghan	Douglas
13	9	12	7

Title:



_	How many m	one nickele	door Maak	an have t	than Malica	~ 2
u.	riow many m	ore nickels	uoes megi	ian nave i	mun menss	u?

h	How man	, fewer	nickels	does	Douglas	have	than Justin?	
υ.	riow many	160061	HICKEIS	uues	Douglas	Huve	mun Justine	

c.	Circle the pair that has more nickels, Justin and Melissa or Douglas and Meghan
	How many more?

d.	What is the tot	al number o	f nickels if	all the	students	combine	all their	money?



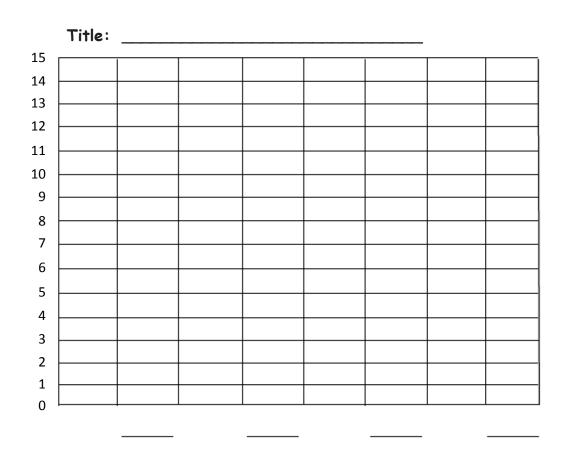
Lesson 5: Date:

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Dimes Donated

Kylie	Tom	John	Shannon	
12	10	15	13	



a	How many	dimes	did	Shannon	donate?	
u.	I TOWN THATTY	annes	aiu	Situition	dona c;	

b.	How many	fewer	dimes	did	Kvlie	donate	than	John	and	Shannon?	

C.	How many more dimes are needed for Tom to donate the same as Shannon and
	Kylie?

d.	How many	dimes wei	re donated	in total?	



Lesson 5: Date:

Solve word problems using data presented in a bar graph. 1/30/15

